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Editorial

Recent published research highlighted "possible benefits" of moderate alcohol consumption (a drink or two a day), such as reducing the risk of heart disease and stroke. However, even that research has also shown that moderate drinking increases the risk of dying of cancer and other diseases. The fact that wine has harmful effects and benefits, with the harmful effects far outweighing the benefits is clearly stated in the Qur'an:

يَسْتَلُونَكَ عَنِ الْخَمْرِ وَالْمَيْسِرِ قُلْ فِيهِمَآ إِنْمٌ كَبِيرٌ وَمَنَافِعُ لِلنَّاسِ وَإِنْمُهُمَآ أَكْبَرُ مِن كَبِيرٌ وَمَنَافِعُ لِلنَّاسِ وَإِنْمُهُمَآ أَكْبَرُ مِن نَقْعِهِمَا . (سورة البقرة - من آية ٢١٩)

They ask you concerning wine and gambling. Say: "In them is great sin, and (some) benefit for people; but the sin in them is greater than their benefit. (Qur'an 2:219)

More recently, researchers at the University of Wisconsin Medical School, led by Dr. John Folts, have shown that the benefits in wine come primarily from the grapes, and not from ethyl alcohol which is a poison. Purple grape juice contains the diseasefighting antioxidants, called flavonoids, which give wine its heart-friendly benefits. Studies found that 8 or 10 ounces a day of purple grape juice has a potent effect on the blood cells called platelets, making them less likely to form clots that can lead to heart attacks. In fact, purple grape juice was found to be more potent than aspirin, which is widely recommended as a way of warding off heart attacks (aspirin and red wine slow the activity of blood platelets by about 45%, while purple grape fruit dampens them by about 75%).

Examining the verse from the Qur'an:

وَمِن ثَمَرَاتِ النَّخِيلِ وَالأَعْنَابِ تَتَّخِذُونَ مِنْهُ سَكَرًا وَرِزْقًا حَسَنًا .

(سورة النحل - من آية ٦٧)

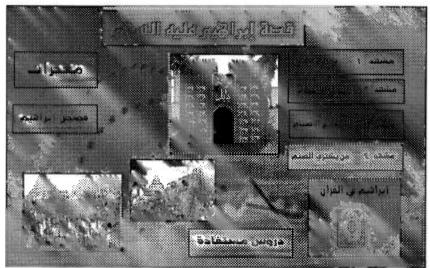
And from the fruit of the date-palm and grapes you derive intoxicants, and a goodly provision (wholesome food and drinks). (Qur'an 16:67) It is clear that grapes contain pure wholesome drink and food, but it can also turn into harmful intoxicants. The choice is left to us.

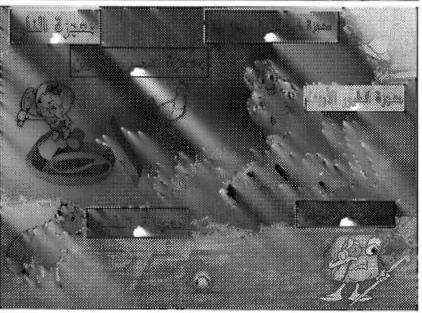
We pray to Almighty Allah to give us the wisdom to benefit from the Qur'an, and the strength to follow what is beneficial to us in the present world and the one to come.

Ameen

The Story of Prophet Ibrahim

The multimedia software displays events and situations related to Prophets Ibrahim, Isma'il, Ishaq and Lut (Peace be upon them). Focus is on Prophet Ibrahim's call to his father to worship Allah alone and abandon the worship of idols. The program relates how prophet Ibrahim destroyed the idols, except the biggest one, to prove to his people that the idols cannot protect themselves, much less others. The program lists the verses of the Qur'an in which Prophet Ibrahim is mentioned, and the miracles which Allah supported Prophet Ibrahim with. It also relates the story of Prophet Lut and his call to his people to adopt higher moral standards, and describes the punishment of Allah to those people. The program is in Arabic, runs under Windows 95, 98 or 2000 and can be obtained from Digitek International Inc., 7631 Leesburg Pike, Suite B, Falls Church, VA 22043, Tel. (800) 33-Sakhr.





Reflections

Dr. Ahmed K. Noor

Na'r of the hereafter (hellfire)

الر الأفرة

According to the Shari'ah (the Sacred law), the Na'r of the hereafter hell fire) is the place that نار الآخرة Allah has prepared for punishing and tormenting the unbelievers, sinners and disobedient. There are no words that can adequately explain the severity of the punishment in Hell. Many books and articles have been written about the subject. In this article an attempt is made to give brief and simple descriptions of some aspects of the Na'r of the hereafter, as presented in the Qur'an and the authentic hadiths - sayings of the Prophet) الأحاديث الصحيحة PBUH).

The Arabic word *Na'r* نار in the Our'an

and its نار (fire) ال and ts derivatives are mentioned 145 times in the Qur'an. Different categories of fire are mentioned, including (see the figure on page 3): the pure flame of fire used in creating the species of Jinn الحن (including Iblis إبليس); the smokeless flame used to protect regions beyond the realm of heavens and earth from jinns and humans who try to penetrate them (i.e., try to escape the accountability of Allah); fire on earth, including the fire that the unbelievers tried to burn Prophet Ibrahim (PBUH) in, and the fire which the people of the ditch burned the helpless believers in; and the Na'r of the hereafter (hellfire), which is the focus of the present article. In addition to the word Na'r, other names are given in the Qur'an for the Na'r of the hereafter, including جميم Ja'hannam (Hell), ححيم بِسْسِمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَسِ الرَّحِيسِمِ

يَأْيُهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا قُوا أَنفُسَكُمْ وَأَهْلِيكُمْ نَارًا وَقُودُهَا

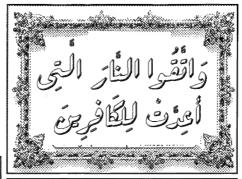
النَّاسُ وَالْحِجَارَةُ عَلَيْهَا مَلاَئِكَةٌ غِلاَظٌ شِدَادٌ لاَّ يَعْصُونَ اللَّهَ

مَآ أَمَرَهُمْ وَيَغْعَلُونَ مَا يُؤْمَرُونَ . (سورة التحريم - آية ٦)

O ye who believe! Save yourselves and your families from a Fire whose fuel is humans and stones, over which are (appointed) angels stern (and) severe, who flinch not (from executing) the commands they receive from Allah, but do (precisely) what they are commanded.

(Qur'an 66:6)

Ja'heem (Hell/blazing fire), سعير Sa'eer (blazing flame), سقر Saq'ar (flame of hell), حُطَمَة Huta'mah (crushing place), كُطَمَة Latha' (flame of blazing fire) and الظبي Ha'wiyah (very deep, bottomless pit).



And fear (guard yourselves against) the Fire, which is prepared for the disbelievers. (Qur'an 3:131)

Brief description of the hellfire

Among the descriptions of the hell fire given in the Qur'an and *hadiths* are the following (see the figure on page 5):

 It has seven gates. The sinners will be divided into different groups (categories) and each group will enter through one of the seven gates.

لَهَا سَبْعَةُ أَبْوَابٍ لِكُلِّ بَابٍ مِّنْهُمْ جُزِعٌ مَّقْسُومٌ .

(سورة الحجر - آية ٤٤)

To it are seven Gates: for each of those Gates is a (special) class (of sinners) assigned. (Qur'an 15:44)

 It has nineteen fierce and stern keepers (angels) who will administer punishment to the sinners, without showing any pity for them (Qur'an 66:6 - top of the page). One of the keepers is the angel Ma'lek.

عَلَيْهَا تِسْعَةً عَشَرَ . (سورة المدثر - آبة ٣٠)

(Qur'an 74:30) (Qur'an 74:30) وَنَادَوْا يَامَالِكُ لِيَقْضِ عَلَيْنَا رَبُكَ قَالَ إِنَّكُم مَّاكِثُونَ .

(سورة الزخرف - آية ٧٧)

They will cry: "O Malek! Would that your Lord put an end to us!" He will say, "Nay, but you shall abide!".

(Qur'an 43:77)

• Its fuel will be humans and stones (Qur'an 2:24, 66:6)

وَقُودُهَا النَّاسُ وَالْحِجَارَةُ . (سورة البقرة - من آية ٢٤ سورة التحريم - من آية ٦)

 It has seventy thousand reins, and every rein is pulled by one thousand angels.

يُؤتى بجهنم يومئذ لها سبعون ألف زمام مع كل زمام سبعون ألف ملك يجرونها .

(صحيح مسلم)

Ja'hannam will be brought on that day. It has seventy thousand reins, and every rein is pulled by one thousand angels.

(Sahih Muslim)

 It is very deep. It takes the traveler seventy years to reach its bottom.

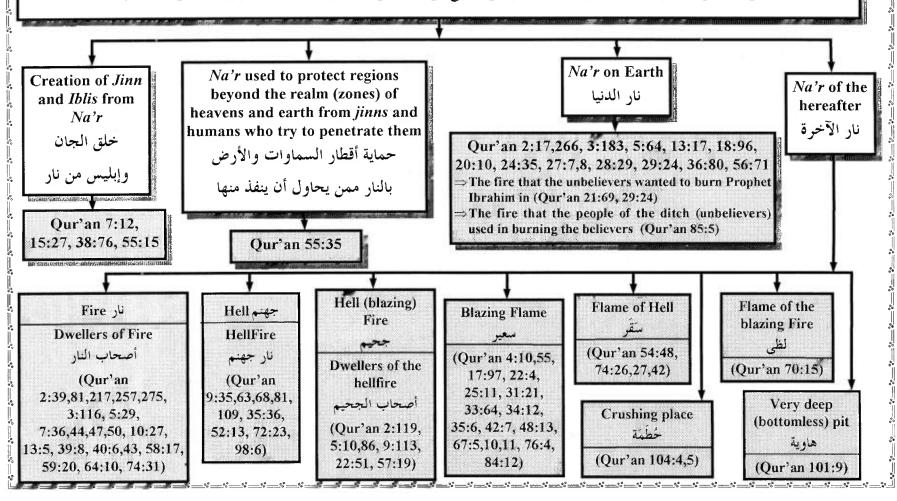
إن قَعْرَ جهنم لسبعون خريفا (صحيح مسلم)

Al-Na'r (Fire) as mentioned in the Our'an Definitions: Fire in the language is the luminous element that burns. In religion, hellfire is the place which Allah has

prepared for punishing and tormenting the unbelievers and sinners.

كلمة النار كما ذكرت في القرآن

النار في اللغة هي العنصر الشفاف المحرق - نار الآخرة في الشرع هي الدار التي أعدها الله لعقاب الكافرين بأصناف من العذاب والنكال



· When Hell sees sinners from a far place, it makes raging and roaring noise.

When it sees them from a place far off, they will hear its fury and raging sigh. (Qur'an 25:12)

• The Fire, which awaits the unbelievers and sinners, is seventy times more severe than anything similar to it in this world. It throws off sparks, each spark will be like a castle. It burns to ashes whoever is cast into it.

Indeed it throws about sparks (huge) as (Qur'an 77:32)

It spares not (any sinner), nor does it leave (anything unburned).

(Qur'an 74:28)

• There will be canopies of fire covering the sinners from above them and also from beneath them.

They shall have layers of Fire above them, and layers (of fire) below them: with this does Allah warn off His servants: "O My servants! Then fear you Me!" (Qur'an 39:16)

 Everytime the Fire dies down, it will be made to blaze up again.

Every time it shows abatement, We shall increase for them the fierceness (Qur'an 17:97) of the Fire.

• The cursed infernal tree of Zaggum grows at the bottom of the Hell. The shoots of its fruits stalks are like the heads of devils:

أَذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ نَّزُلاً أَمْ شَجَرَةُ الزَّقُوم. إنَّا جَعَلْنَاهَا فِتْنَةً لِّلظَّالِمِينَ. إنَّهَا شَجَرةٌ تَخْرجُ فِي أَصْلَ الْجَحِيم ، طَلْعُهَا كِأَنَّهُ رُءُوسُ الشَّيَاطِين . (سورة الصافات -آمات ۲۲ إلى ۲۵)

Is that the better entertainment or the Tree of Zaggum? For We have truly made it (as) a trial for the wrong-doers. For it is a tree that springs out of the bottom of Hellfire: The shoots of its fruit-stalks are like the heads of devils. (Qur'an 37:62-65)

Al-Sirat bl , will

Is the bridge spanning the breadth of hell. It is sharper than a sword and finer than a hair. All humans have to go over

وَإِن مِّنكُمْ إِلا وَاردُهَا كَانَ عَلَى رُبُكَ حَتْمًا مَّقْضِتًا.

Not one of you but will pass over it: this is, with your Lord, a Decree which must be accomplished.

(Qur'an 19:71)

By the Grace of Allah, the believers will be able to cross the bridge with varying speeds, according to their good deeds. The unbelievers feet shall slip and they will plunge into hell. The description of what happens on that bridge is given in the following *hadith*:

تُنْسَلُ الأمانة والرحم فتقومان جنبتئ الصراط يمينا وشمالا فيمر أولكم كالبرق (ألم تروا إلى البرق كيف يمر ويرجع في طرفة عين) ثم كمَرّ السريح ثم كمَرّ الطير وَشَدّ الرجال تجرى بهم أعمالهم

ونبيكم قائم على الصراط يقول ربٌ سَلِّمْ سَلِّمْ حتى تعجِزَ أعمالُ العباد حتى يجيء الرجل فلا يستطيع السير إلا زحفا وفي حافتى الصراط كلاليب معلَّقةٌ مَأْمُورةٌ بأخذِ مَـنْ أُمِـرَتْ به فمخدوشٌ نَاج ومكدُوسٌ في النار .

(صحيح مسلم)

The trust and kinship will be put on the sides of the bridge. The first ones will cross as quickly as the wink of an eye (lightening speed), the next ones will cross it with the speed of wind, the following ones with the speed of flying birds (the speed of each person will be proportional to his/her good deeds), The Prophet (PBUH) will be saying: Peace! Peace my Lord. Some people will be crawling over the bridge. There are hooks (clamps) hanging on the bridge that will try to grab the passers by. Some of the passers by will be injured by the hooks but are able to cross the bridge, others will plunge into hell. (Sahih Muslim)

The dwellers (inhabitants) of the hellfire

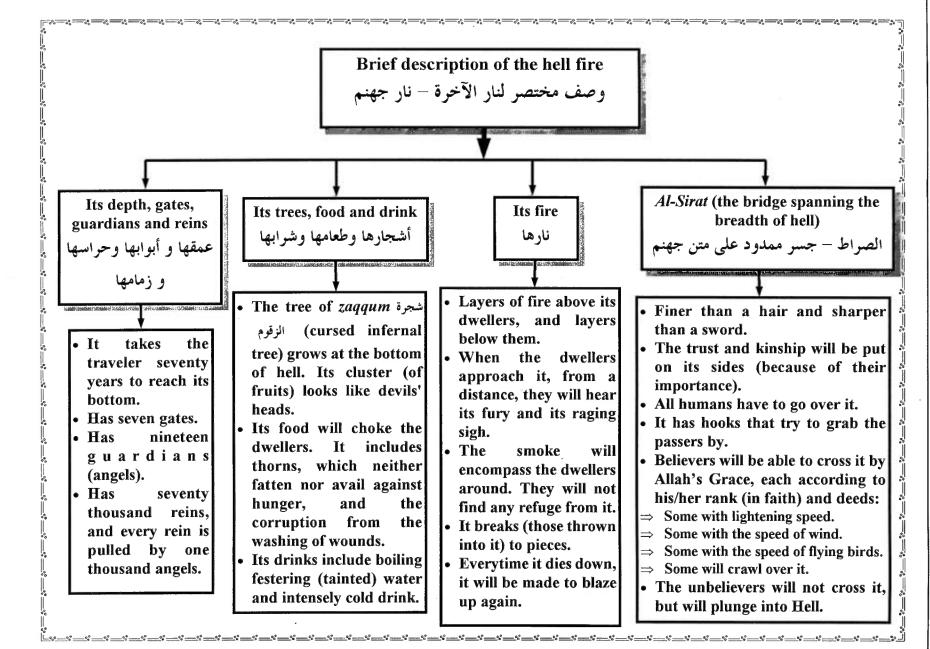
The Qur'an and sayings of the Prophet (PBUH) identify the dwellers of the hell fire. These include (see the figure on page 7):

· Jinns and humans

وَلَقَدْ ذَرَأْنَا لِجَهَنَّمَ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ الْجِنِّ وَالإِنس لَهُمْ قُلُوبُ يَفْقَهُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمْ يُبْصِرُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمْ يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَآ أُولَئِكَ كَالأَنْعَامِ بَلْ هُمْ أَضَلَّ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْغَافِلُونَ .

(سورة الأعراف - آية ١٧٩)

Many are the jinns and humans We have made for Hell: they have hearts wherewith they understand not, eyes wherewith they see not, and ears



wherewith they hear not. They are like cattle, nay more misguided; for they are heedless (of warning).

(Qur'an 7:179)

 The unbelievers, polytheists, hypocrites and those who disobey and oppose Allah and His messenger. They will be among the permanent dwellers of hell. The hypocrites will be consigned to the bottom depth of hell.

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْمُنَافِقِينَ وَالْمُنَافِقِاتِ
وَالْكُفَّارَ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
هِيَ حَسْبُهُمْ وَلَعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ وَلَهُمْ
عَذَابٌ مُقِيمٌ.

(سورة التوبة - آية ٦٨)

Allah has promised the hypocrites men and women, and the rejecters, of faith, the Fire of Hell: therein shall they dwell: sufficient is it for them: for them is the curse of Allah, and an enduring punishment.

(Qur'an 9:68)

إِنَّ الْمُنَافِقِينَ فِي الدَّرْكِ الأَسْفَلِ مِنَ النَّارِ وَلَن تَجِدَ لَهُمْ نَصِيرًا . (سهرة النساء - آبة 120)

The Hypocrites will be in the lowest depths of the Fire: no helper will you find for them. (Qur'an 4:145)

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ وَالْمُشْرِكِينَ فِي نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أُولَئِكَ هُمْ شَوُ الْبَرِيَّةِ .

(سورة البينة - آية ٦)

Those who disbelieve, among the people of the book and among the polytheists, will be in hellfire, to dwell therein (for aye). They are the worst of creatures. (Qur'an 98:6)

وَمَن يَعْصِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَيَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَهُ يُدخِلْهُ نَارًا خَالِدًا فِيهَا وَلَهُ عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ .

(سورة النساء - آية ١٤)

But those who disobey Allah and His

messenger and transgress His limits will be admitted to a Fire, to abide therein: and they shall have a humiliating punishment.

(Qur'an 4:14)

أَلَمْ يَعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ مَن يُحَادِدِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ فَأَنَّ لَهُ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدًا فِيهَا ذَلِكَ الْجِزْيُ الْعَظِيمُ. فيها ذَلِكَ الْجِزْيُ الْعَظِيمُ. (سورة التوبة - آبة ٦٣)

Know they not that whoever opposes and shows hostility to Allah and His messenger, is the Fire of Hell? Wherein they shall dwell. That is the supreme disgrace.

(Qur'an 9:63)

 Among the humans identified as dwellers of hell are the unbelievers from the people of Noah; the wives of Prophets Noah and Lut; Pharaoh and his people and Abu Lahab.

مُمَّا خَطِيتَاتِهِمْ أُغْرِقُوا فَأَدْخِلُوا نَارًا فَلَمْ يَجِدُوا لَهُم مِّن دُونِ اللَّهِ أَنصَارًا . (سورة نوح - آية ٢٥)

Because of their sins they (people of Noah) were drowned (in the flood), and were made to enter the Fire and they found in lieu of Allah none to help them. (Qur'an 71:25)

ضَرَب الله مَثلاً لِللَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا الْمَرَأْتَ نُوحٍ وَامْرَأْتَ لُوطٍ كَانَتَا تَحْتَ عَبْدَيْنِ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا صَالِحَيْنِ فَحْانَتَاهُمَا فَلَمْ يُغْنِينا عَنْهُمَا مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا وَقِيلَ اذْخُلاَ النَّارَ مَعَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا وَقِيلَ اذْخُلاَ النَّارَ مَعَ اللَّهِ لِينَ .

(سورة التحريم - آية ١٠)

Allah sets forth, for an example to the unbelievers, the wife of Noah and the wife of Lut: they were (respectively) under two of our righteous servants but they both betrayed their (husbands by rejecting their doctrine), and they profited nothing before Allah on their account, but were told: "Enter you the Fire along with (others) that enter!".

(Qur'an 66:10)

النَّارُ يُعْرَضُونَ عَلَيْهَا غُدُوًا وَعَشِيًّا وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ أَدْخِلُوا ءَالَ فِرْعَوْنَ أَشَدَّ الْعَذَابِ (سورة غافر - آية ٤٦)

In front of the Fire will they be brought, morning and evening: and (the sentence will be) on the day when the Hour comes to pass: "Cast you the people of Pharaoh into the severest penalty". (Qur'an 40:46)

يَقْدُمُ قَوْمَهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ فَأَوْرَدَهُمُ النَّارَ وَبِئْسَ الْوِرْدُ الْمَوْرُودُ .

(سورة هود - آية ۹۸)

He (Pharaoh) will go before his people on the day of Judgment, and lead them into the Fire, but woeful indeed will be the place to which they are led!

(Qur'an 11:98)

تَبَّتْ يَدَآ أَبِى لَهَبِ وَتَبَّ . مَآ أَغْنَى عَنْهُ مَالُهُ وَمَا كَسَبَ . سَيَصْلَى نَارًا ذَاتَ لَهَبِ .

(سورة المُسد - آيات ا إلى ٣)

Perish the hands of Abu Lahab (the father of flame)! Perish he! No profit to him from all his wealth, and all his gains! Burnt soon will he be in a Fire of blazing flame!

(Qur'an 111:1 to 3)

The temporary dwellers of hell, who are admitted to paradise are called by the dwellers of paradise Al
Jahann'amiyoon الحهنميون:

يَخْرُجُ قوم من النار بعد ما مَسَّهُمْ منها سَفْعٌ فيَدخُلون الجنة فيُسَمِّمِ أهلُ الجنة الْجَهَنَّمِيِّينَ فَيُسَمِّمِ أهلُ الجنة الْجَهَنَّمِيِّينَ (صحيح البخارى)

Some people will be permitted to leave the hell after spending some time there. They will be admitted to paradise and the dwellers of paradise will call them al-Jahann'amiyeen.

(Sahih Al-Bukhari)

 Any person who has an atom's weight of belief in his/her heart will

The dwellers of the hellfire and brief description of their condition there أصحاب النار ووصف مختصر لأحوالهم Who are they? Permanent and Their conditions Least tortured temporary dwellers person among من هم ؟ أحوالهم the dwellers of الخالدون في النار hell والجهنميون – الذين يدخلون الجنة بعد قضاء فترة في النار أهون أهل النار • Include humans and Jinns. Suffering from humiliating Unbelievers. punishment. Hypocrites. They will be seized and dragged into • Polytheists (those who commit the midst of the blazing fire on their Under his/her shirk - associating partners with faces - blind, dumb and deaf. feet will be placed Allah). Will not be able to ward off the fire two live coals. • Those who invent lies against from their faces and their backs. The which make Allah or the Prophet (PBUH). fire will boil their insides. Permanent his/her head boil The sinful, who disobey Allah dwellers include • Their garments are made of liquid (he/she will think and His messenger (PBUH), or pitch قطران , and they will be whipped the unbelievers. it is the severest are too proud to worship Allah. Temporary with iron rods. punishment). Those who do mischief on dwellers include Heavy fetters, vokes and chains shall Earth. the sinful among be on their necks. • Among the ones listed in the the believers. boiling water will be poured over their Our'an are the following: heads, with it shall be melted what is in ⇒ Unbelievers among the people their bellies, as well as their skins. of Noah. Their skins, as often as they are ⇒ The wives of Prophets Noah thoroughly burned, shall be exchanged and Lut. for other skins so that they taste the \Rightarrow Pharaoh and his people. penalty. Abu-Lahab.

be permitted to leave hell.

يُخْرج من النار من كان في قلبه مثقال ذرة من الإيمان . (سنن التومذي)

Conditions of the dwellers of hell

 They will receive disgraceful torment.

وَيَوْمَ يُعْرَضُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا عَلَى النَّارِ أَذْهَبْتُمْ طَيِّبَاتِكُمْ فِي حَيَاتِكُمُ الدُّنْيَا وَاسْتَمْتَعْتُم بِهَا فَالْيَوْمَ تُجْزَوْنَ عَذَابَ الْهُونِ بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ فِي الأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ وَ بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَفْسُقُونَ . (سورة الأحقاف - آية ٢٠)

And on the Day that the unbelievers will be placed before the Fire, (it will be said to them): "You squandered your good things in the life of the world, and you took your pleasure out of them: but to-day shall you be recompensed with a chastisement of humiliation: For that you were arrogant on earth without just cause, and that you (ever) transgressed.".

(Qur'an 46:20)

• Iron collars will be rounded over their necks. They will be seized by their forelocks and their feet, and dragged along the boiling water and then in the fire on their faces (they will go between the hellfire and boiling hot water)

إِذِ الْأَغْلَالُ فِي أَعْنَاقِهِمْ والسَّلَاسِلُ يُسْحَبُونَ . فِي الْحَمِيمِ ثُمَّ فِي النَّار يُسْجَرُونَ .

When the yokes (shall be) round their necks, and the chains; they shall be dragged along- in the boiling fetid fluid; then in the fire shall they be (Our'an 40:71,72) burned.

يُعْرَفُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ بسِيمَاهُمْ فَيُؤْخَذُ بِالنَّوَاصِي وَالأَقْدَامِ.

(سورة الرحمن - آية ٤١)

(For) the sinners will be known by their marks: and they will be seized by their forelocks and their feet.

(Our'an 55:41)

يَوْمَ يُسْحَبُونَ فِي النَّارِ عَلَى وُجُوهِهِمْ ذُوقُوا مَسَّ سَقَرَ .

(سورة القبر - آبة ٤٨)

The Day they will be dragged through the fire on their faces, (they will hear:) " Taste you the touch of Hell!".

(Qur'an 54:48)

They will go between it (Hell) and the (Qur'an 55:44) boiling hot water.

· Their garment are made of fire and liquid pitch.

فَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا قَطُّعَتْ لَهُمْ ثِيَابٌ مِّن نَّارِ يُصَبُّ مِن فَوْقِ رُءُوسِهِمُ الْحَمِيمُ (سورة الحج - من آية ١٩)

As for those who disbelieve, for them will be cut out a garment of fire: over their heads will be poured out boiling water. (Our'an 22:19)

سَرَابِيلُهُمُ مِن قَطِرَان وَتَغْشَى وُجُوهَهُمُ النَّارُ .

(سورة إبراهيم - آية ٥٠)

Their garments of liquid pitch, and fire will cover their faces.

(Our'an 14:50)

As often as their skins are consumed, the skins will be replaced by fresh skins so that they may taste the torment in full

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كُفَرُوا بِأَيَاتِنَا سَوفَ نُصْلِيهِمْ نَارًا كُلَّمَا نَضِجَتْ جُلُودُهُم بَدَّلْنَاهُمْ جُلُودًا غَيْرَهَا لِيَــُذُقُوا الْعَذَابَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا. (سورة النساء - آية ٥٦)

Those who reject Our signs. We shall soon cast into the fire: as often as their skins are roasted through. We shall change them for fresh skins, that they may taste the chastisement: for Allah is Exalted in Power, Wise.

(Qur'an 4:56)

This verse refers to the sensory characteristic of the skin (the fact that the receptor of pain sensation is the skin).

The food and drink of the dwellers of hell

• Their food will include the fruits of the tree of Zaggum, which are like molten brass that boils in their insides like the boiling of scalding water; the corruption from the washing of wounds; thorny dry grass and choking food.

إِنَّ شَجَرَتَ الزَّقُومِ . طَعَامُ الأثِيمِ. كَالْمُهٰل يَعْلِي فِي الْبُطُونِ . كَغَلْىِ الْحَمِيمِ . (سورة الدخان - آيات ٤٣

إلى ٢٦)

Verily the tree of Zaqqum will be the food of the sinful, like molten brass, it will boil in their insides, like the boiling of scalding water.

(Our'an 44:43 to 46)

وَلاَ طَعَامٌ إلا مِنْ غِسْلِين • لا مَا كُلُهُ إلا الْخَاطِئُونَ •

(سورة الحاقة آيات ٣٦ و ٣٧)

Nor has he any food except the foul pus from the washing of wounds, which none do eat but those in sin.

(Qur'an 69:36,37)

لَّيْسَ لَهُم طَعَامٌ إلا مِن ضَرِيع . لا يُسْمِنُ وَلا يُغْنِي مِن جُوع .

(سورة الغاشية - آيات ٦ و ٧)

No food will be for them but a bitter Dhari. Which will neither nourish nor satisfy hunger.

(Qur'an 88:6,7)



وَطَعَامًا ذَا غُصَّةٍ وَعَذَابًا أَلِيمًا . (سورة المزمل - آية ١٣)

And a food that chokes and a chastisement grievous. (Qur'an 73:13)

 Their drinks include boiling fluids that cut up their bowels (to pieces), intensely cold drinks and tainted festering water.

They will have for drink (only) boiling fluid, and for punishment one most grievous: for they persisted in rejecting Allah. (Qur'an 6:70 & 10:4)

They will be given to drink, boiling water, so that it cuts up their bowels (to pieces). (Qur'an 47:15)

Nothing cool shall they taste therein, nor any drink, save a boiling fluid and a fluid, dark, murky, intensely cold.

(Qur'an 78:24,25)

In front of such a one is Hell, and he/she is given, for drink, boiling fetid water.

(Qur'an 14:16)

Least tortured person among the dwellers of hell

Punishments in the hellfire will be in various categories. The minimal

punishment is described in the following hadith:

إن أهون أهل النارِ عذابًا من لَهُ نَعْلانِ وَشِرَاكَانِ مِن نار يَعْلِى مِنْ نار يَعْلِى مِنْ نار يَعْلِى مِنْ مِنْ أَمْ مُنْهُمَا دِمَاغُهُ كما يَعْلِ الْمِرْجَلُ مَا يَرَى أَنَّ أُحدًا أَشَدُ منه عذابا وإنَّهُ لأهْوَنُهُمْ عذابا .

(صحيح مسلم)

The least tortured person among the dwellers of hell is a person that will have two live coals placed under his/her feet which make his/her brain boils. He/she will think it is the severest punishment, but in fact it is the lightest punishment. (Sahih Muslim)

Qur'anic Supplications

Allah (SWT) taught us the following supplications in the Qur'an:

رُبَّنَآ ءَاتِنَا في الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَفِي الأَخِرةِ حَسَنَةٌ وَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ .

Our Lord! Give us good in this world and good in the Hereafter, and save us from the torment of the Fire.

(Qur'an 2:201)

رَبَّنَآ إِنَّنَآ ءَامَنَّا فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ.

Our Lord! We have indeed believed: forgive us, then, our sins, and save us from the agony of the Fire.

(Qur'an 3:16)

رَبَّنَا مَا خَلَقْتُ هَذَا بَاطِلاً شَبْحَانَكَ فَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ. (سورة آل عمران - من آية ١٩١)

Our Lord! You have not created (all) this without purpose, Glory to You! Give us salvation from the torment of

the Fire.

(Qur'an 3:191)

رَبَّنَآ إِنَّكَ مَن تُدْخِلِ النَّارَ فَقَدْ أَخْزَيْتَهُ وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ أَخْزَيْتَهُ وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ أَنْضَارٍ . أنه 191)

Our Lord! any whom You does admit to the Fire, truly You have disgraced him/her, and never will the wrongdoers find any helpers!

(Qur'an 3:192)

I pray to Almighty Allah to show us the right as right and give us the strength to follow it; to show us the falsehood as falsehood and give us the strength to avoid it; and to keep the hell-fire far from us and to save us from its punishment.

Ameen

Important Dates

1422

Ramadan 1, ... November 17, 2001

Eid-ul FitrDecember 16, 2001

Eid-ul AdhaFebruary 23, 2002

1423

Muharram 1 March 16, 2002

Ramadan 1, November 6, 2002

Eid-ul FitrDecember 6, 2002

Eid-ul AdhaFebruary 12, 2003

1424

Muharram 1March 4, 2003

Ramadan 1October 27, 2003

Eid-ul FitrNovember 25, 2003

Eid-ul Adha February 1, 2004

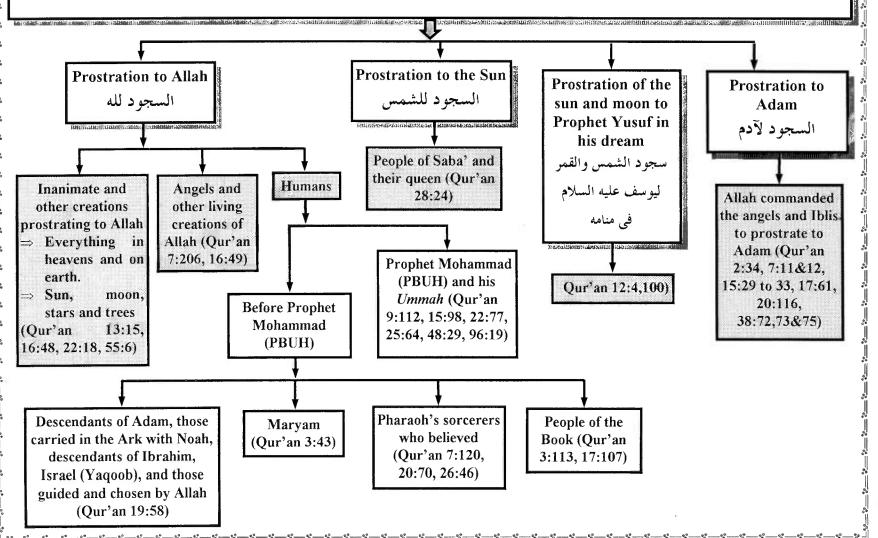
Note: Please contact the national organizations listed on the back page for confirmation about these dates.

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Sujood of the creations refers to their submission, subjugation and surrender; and Sujood of the human refers to putting his/her forehead on the ground

كلمة السجود في القرآن - السجود للمخلوقات معناه الخضوع والإنقياد ومعناه للبشر وضع الجبهة على الأرض



أنواع السجود لله Types of Sujood (Prostration) to Allah

Sujood refers to the act of having seven parts of the body touching the ground: the face (the forehead and the nose), palms (fingers together and extended towards the direction of qiblah), knees and feet.

في السجود سبعة أعضاء تسجد : الوجه (الجبهة والأنف) والكفان والركبتان والقدمان

Prostration during the prayers سجود الصلاة

- One of the obligatory acts of the prayers.
- Two prostrations in every raka'a of the obligatory and optional prayers.
- It is obligatory to remain motionless for at least the time to say once Subhana Rabiyya Al-A'la سبحان ربى الأعلى (Glory be to Allah, the Most High).

Prostration of forgetfulness during the prayers

سجود السهو أثناء الصلاة

- Two prostrations just before, or after tasleem تسليم (the closing salutations).
- Is a *sunnah* performed for unintentionally doing an un-called for action (which does not invalidate the prayer), or omitting a main sunnah, e.g.:
- ⇒ When a person makes *tasleem* before completing the prayer.
- ⇒ In case of an addition to the prayer.
- ⇒ In case of forgetting the first tashahud نشهد, or one of the other sunnah acts of prayer.
- ⇒ In case of doubt over whether one performed some act of the prayer.

Prostration of Qur'an recital (when reciting one of the prostration verses)

سجود التلاوة

- Is a Sunnah for the person reciting, listening, or merely hearing a prostration verse.
- Performed by making takbeer تكبير then prostration, then takbeer (no tashahud or tasleem).
- Its prerequisites are the same as for prayers (purity, facing the qibla القبلة, and covering one's aur'ah (nakedness)

Prostration of Thankfulness

سجدة الشكر

- Preferred w h e n receiving a bounty that one likes or relieved of something he/she dislikes.
- Is performed in the same manner as the prostration of Q u r ' a n recital.